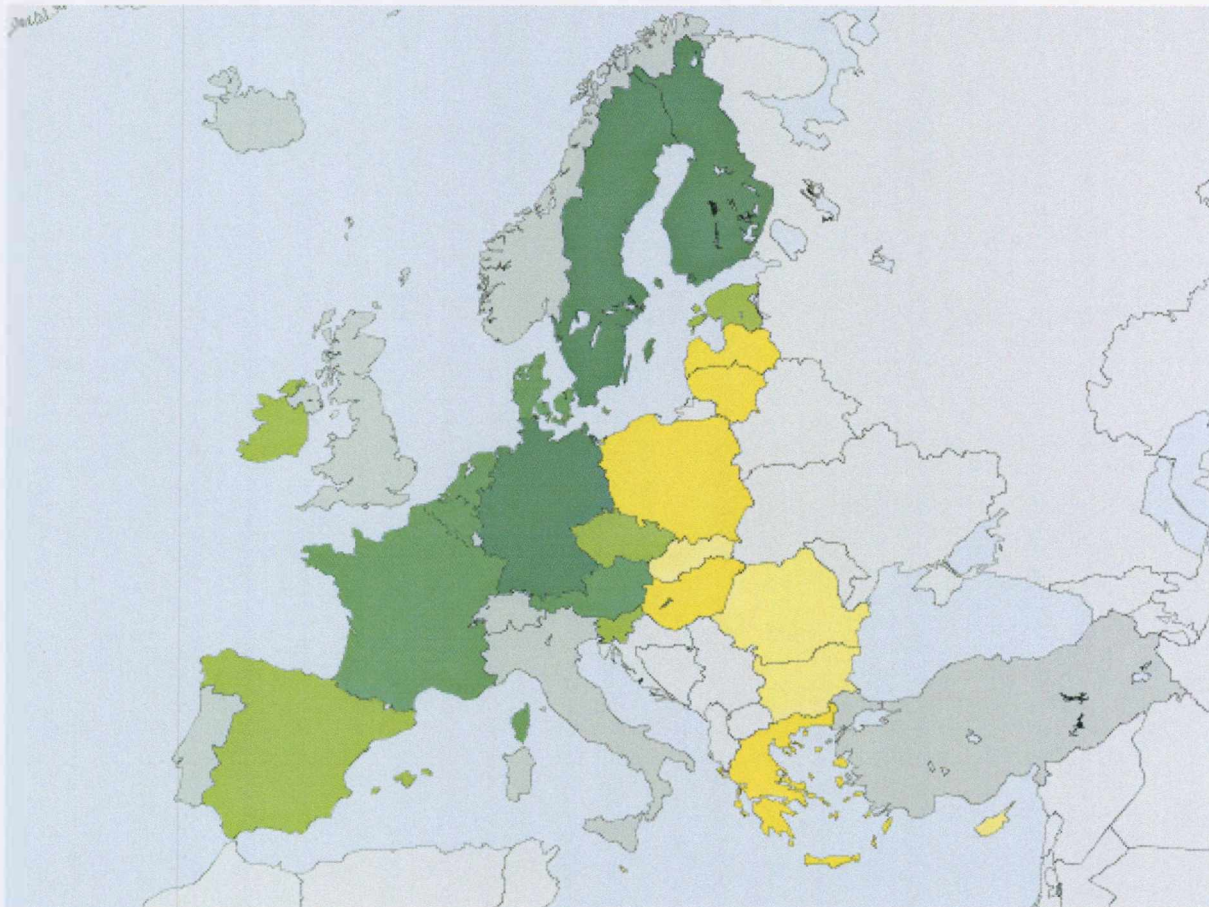


**Gross domestic expenditure on R&D**

% of GDP



Legend ( Data 2006 )

0.42 - 0.55

0.55 - 1.0

1.0 - 1.59

1.59 - 2.45

2.45 - 3.82

N/A

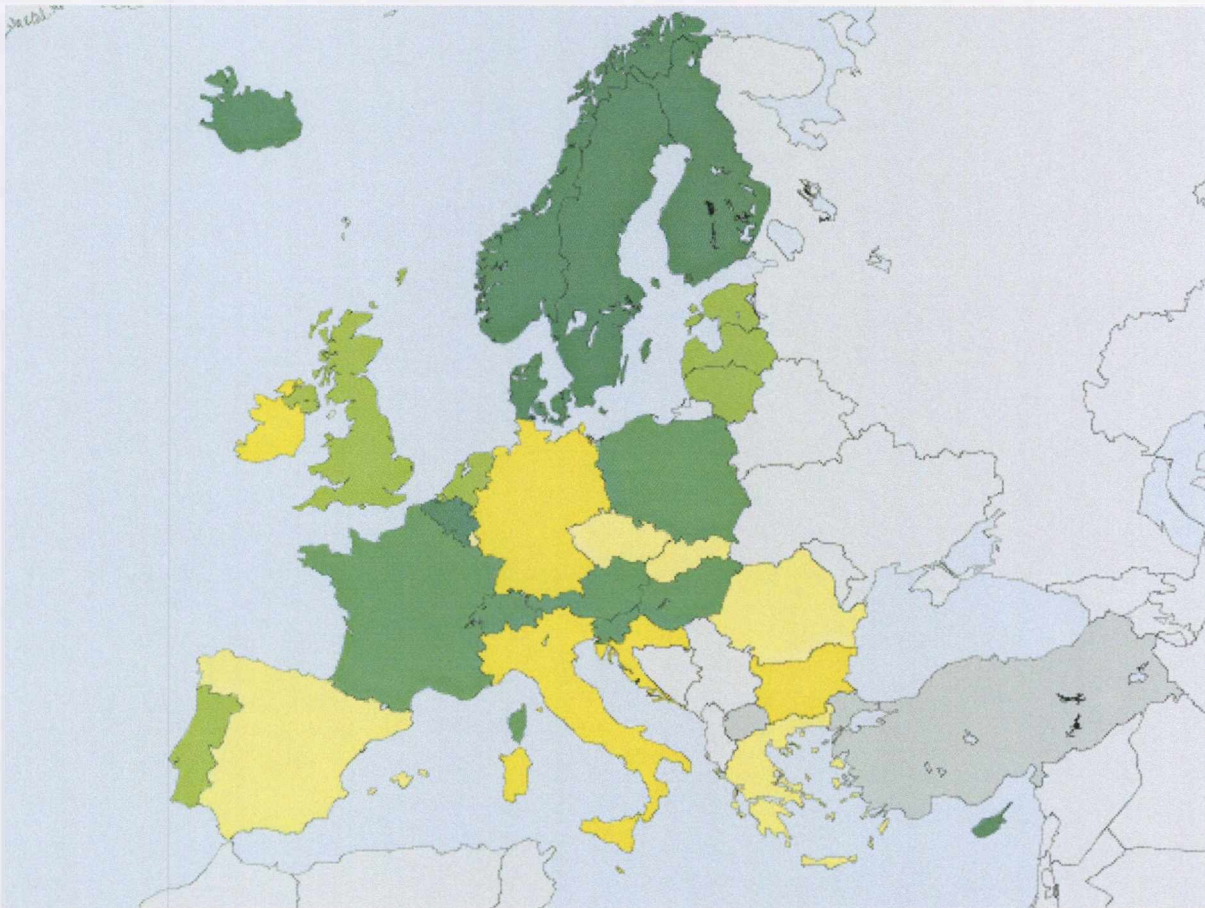
Minimum value:0.42 Maximum value:3.82 eu25:1.85 eu15:1.91

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**Short Description:** The four indicators provided are GERD (Gross domestic expenditure on R&D) as a percentage of GDP, percentage of GERD financed by industry, percentage of GERD financed by government and percentage of GERD financed from abroad. "Research and experimental development (R&D) comprise creative work undertaken on a systematic basis in order to increase the stock of knowledge, including knowledge of man, culture and society and the use of this stock of knowledge to devise new applications" (Frascati Manual, 2002 edition, § 63 ). R&D is an activity where there are significant transfers of resources between units, organisations and sectors and it is important to trace the flow of R&D funds.

## Public expenditure on education

% of GDP



Legend ( Data 2004 )



Minimum value:3.29 Maximum value:8.47 eu25:5.12

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**Last Update:** 05.07.2007

**Date of extraction:** 6 Dec 2007 10:39:35 GMT

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[tab=map&init=1&plugin=0&language=en&pcode=sdj\\_ed1250&toolbox=legend](http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/tgm/mapToolClosed.do?tab=map&init=1&plugin=0&language=en&pcode=sdj_ed1250&toolbox=legend)

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**Short Description:** Generally, the public sector funds education either by bearing directly the current and capital expenses of educational institutions (direct expenditure for educational institutions) or by supporting students and their families with scholarships and public loans as well as by transferring public subsidies for educational activities to private firms or non-profit organisations (transfers to private households and firms). Both types of transactions together are reported as total public expenditure on education.